

| VERSION 15

CAT.NUMBER: B5148/B5196

STORAGE: 2-8°C



# BIO-SHIELD TOTAL 5

## **ELISA TEST | In vitro analysis**

for the quantitative detection of Total Aflatoxin in grains, cereals, nuts and animal feed



This is an electronic version, please verify always the last one included in the kit.



[www.prognosis-biotech.com](http://www.prognosis-biotech.com)

ProGnosis Biotech S.A. is ISO 9001:2015 certified by TÜV Hellas (TÜV NORD).

**Use only the current version of Product Data Sheet enclosed with the kit.**

Bio-Shield Total 5, B5148/B5196, is an immunoassay method that determines the total Aflatoxin in grains, nuts, cereals, and other commodities including animal feed. The ELISA kit contains all reagents required for the immunoassay method. The ELISA test is adequate for 48/96 definitions (standards are included). A spectrophotometer for microtiter ELISA plate is required.

**Matrices:**

- **Cereals:** Barley, Biscuits, Black Beans Flour, Borlotti Beans Flour, Bran Sticks, Brown rice, Cannellini Beans Flour, Corn, Corn flakes, Corn flour, Corn germ, Corn gluten, Corn grits, Corn meal, Corn/Soy blend, Dried Sunflower, Green Peas Flour, Oat bran, Oat flakes, Oats, Peas Flour, Popcorn, Raw Rye, Red Lentils Flour, Rice, Round Beans Flour, Rye Flour, Sesame, Sorghum, Soy beans, Soy flour, Wheat, Wheat bran, Wheat flour, Yellow Chickpeas Flour, Yellow Lentils Flour
- **Dried Fruit:** Dried Figs, Raisins
- **Dried Nuts:** Almond, Peanut butter, Raw peanuts, Salted Peanuts
- **Other:** Milk, Oil (Sesame oil, Soybean oil, Sunflower oil, Corn oil, Olive oil, Coconut oil, Peanut oil, Olive pomace oil), Organic Hemp Flour
  
- Sample preparation: extraction
- Test time (incubation time after samples and reagents preparation): 5min
- Standard curve range: 0 - 50ppb
- Shelf life: 12 months
- Storage: 2-8°C

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## 1. Description

Bio-Shield Total 5 is an ELISA test for the detection of Total Aflatoxin in grains, cereals and animal feed.

## 2. General Information

Aflatoxins are toxic metabolites of major concern to the food industry, generally produced by *Aspergillus flavus*, *A. parasiticus* and *A. nomius*. They can have immunosuppressive, mutagenic, teratogenic and carcinogenic effects. Aflatoxins (AF) can be present in grains, spices, cereals and other commodities associated with human food or animal feed. Crops may be contaminated with aflatoxins. AFB1 is the most toxic and frequently detected form. The other types (B2, G1 and G2) present a significant danger if the concentration is at a high level. Animals are exposed to aflatoxins by consumption of feeds that have fungal strains producing aflatoxins during growth, harvest or storage. Symptoms of toxicity in animals range from death to chronic diseases, reproductive interference, immune suppression, decreased milk and egg production. Most controlling government agencies worldwide have regulations regarding the amount of AF allowable in human and animal foodstuffs. Accurate and rapid determination of aflatoxin presence in commodities is of paramount importance.

## 3. Principle of the Method

The quantitative test is based on the enzyme linked immunosorbent assay principles. The wells of the microtiter strips are coated with total aflatoxin specific antibodies. Toxins are extracted from a ground sample with 70% methanol. Aflatoxin standards or samples and Aflatoxin-HRP conjugate (detection solution) are added into the coated wells. Aflatoxin-HRP conjugate binds to the binding sites of coated antibodies that are not already occupied by Aflatoxin of standards or samples. Any unbound Aflatoxin-HRP conjugate of detection solution is removed in a washing step. A chromogen substrate is added to the wells resulting in the progressive development of a blue colored complex with the detection antibody. The color development is then stopped by the addition of acid turning the resultant final product yellow. The measurement is made photometrically at 450 nm and the intensity of the produced colored complex is indirectly proportional to the concentration of total Aflatoxin present in the samples and standards.

## 4. Reagents Provided

Bio-Shield Total 5 ELISA kit contains sufficient reagents and materials for 48/96 measurements (including standard tests).

Reagents (Store at 2-8°C)	Quantity for 48 wells	Quantity for 96 wells	State	Vial cap color
Single-Break Strip Plate	48 wells	96 wells	Ready to use (precoated)	-
Dilution Microwells	48 wells	96 wells	Ready to use (green color)	-
Standards 1 - 5 (0, 0.4, 1, 3 and 10ppb of Aflatoxin in organic solution) (correspond to 0, 2, 5, 15, and 50ppb)	5 glass vials (each 1.5ml)	5 glass vials (each 1.5ml)	Ready to use	Black
Total 5 Detection Solution	1 plastic vial (6ml)	1 plastic vial (12ml)	Ready to use	Green
Wash Buffer	1 plastic vial (50ml)	1 plastic vial (50ml)	20X Concentrate (dilute in distilled water)	White
TMB Substrate	1 plastic vial (6ml)	1 plastic vial (12ml)	Ready to use	Brown
Stop Solution	1 plastic vial (6ml)	1 plastic vial (12ml)	Ready to use	White

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## 5. Materials required but not provided

- A grinder sufficient to render sample to particle size of fine instant coffee
- Balance with 0 - 50g measuring capability and Graduated cylinder - 100mL
- Methanol (70mL reagent grade per sample) and Distilled or deionized water
- Filter Paper Whatman #1 or equivalent, Filter Funnel and Miscellaneous laboratory plastic or glass tubes 50 - 125ml
- Vortex mixer and Microtiter plate reader fitted with 450 nm filter
- 100, 200 and 1000  $\mu$ l adjustable single channel micropipettes with disposable tips (a repetitive pipette of 100 $\mu$ l is acceptable for the steps of TMB and Stop Solution)
- 50 - 300  $\mu$ l multi-channel micropipette with disposable tips and reservoirs

## 6. Storage Instructions

Store kit reagents between 2 and 8°C (35 - 46°F). Do not freeze any components provided. Reseal immediately the unused strips of the microtiter plate in the bag together **with the desiccant bag** provided and store at 2 - 8°C. After use remaining reagents should be returned to cold storage (2 - 8°C). Expiry of the kit and reagents is stated on the labels respectively and no quality guarantee is accepted after the expiration date. The expiry of the kit components can only be guaranteed if the components are stored properly as well as if the reagent is not contaminated by the first handling, in case of repeated use of one component. Because of the colorless TMB Substrate and standards light sensitivity, avoid the exposure to direct light. Do not interchange individual reagents between kits of different lot numbers.

## 7. Safety and Precautions for use

- Avoid any skin contact with standards (AFB1), Stop Solution (15% H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>) and TMB (toxic). **Use gloves.** In case of contact, wash thoroughly with water.
- All reagents should be warmed in room temperature before use and covered when not in use. **Use a clean disposable plastic pipette tip for each reagent, in order to avoid cross contamination. When pipetting reagents, maintain a consistent order of addition from well-to-well. This will ensure equal incubation times for all wells.**
- Use a clean plastic container to prepare the wash buffer and all residual washing liquid must be drained from the wells by efficient aspiration or by decantation followed by tapping the plate forcefully on absorbent paper. Never insert absorbent paper into the well. Read the absorbance within 60 minutes after completion of the assay.

## 8. Indication of corruption of kit reagents

- The bluish coloration of the chromogen substrate before the ELISA test.
- A value of less than 0.7 absorbance units (450nm) for the Standard 1 (St1).

## 9. Sample and reagents preparation

### 9.1 Reagents preparation

- Prepare the Extraction Solution (70% Methanol) by adding 30ml of distilled or deionized water to 70ml of methanol (reagent grade) for each sample to be tested.
- Dilute the 20X solution concentrate 20 fold with distilled water to give a 1X working solution.

**Preparation of Wash Buffer 1X:** In case of the occurrence of crystals in the Wash Buffer, the warming by gentle dismantling (using hands) of the crystals is needed. Pour entire content of the solution concentrate (50ml) into a clean 1000ml graduated cylinder, rinse the vial with distilled or deionised water and pour the content again into the cylinder and fill to a final volume of 1000ml with distilled or deionised water. Mix gently to avoid foaming, transferring the final solution from cylinder to a clean bottle and back two times. The clean bottle with **1X Wash Buffer** working solution can be left out of the refrigerator during the method procedure and subsequent be stored 2 - 8°C for one month.

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## 9.2 Ground samples

1. The sample must be collected according to established sampling techniques. Grind a representative sample to the particle size of fine instant coffee (50% passes through a 20 mesh screen).
2. Weigh out a 20g ground portion of the sample and add 100mL of the Extraction Solvent (70% methanol) and mix in a blender for a minimum of 2 minutes. **The ratio of sample to extraction solvent is 1:5 (w/v).**
3. Allow the particulate matter to settle, then filter 5 - 10ml of the extract through a Whatman #1 filter paper (or equivalent) and collect the filtrate. Use 100µl of each filter directly in the immunoassay.

**NOTE 1:** The extracted sample should have pH value of 6.2 - 7.5. If the pH is less than 6.2 as for example happens on the silage samples, the pH should be neutralized using NaOH.

**NOTE2:** In case the user makes an additional dilution 1:1 of filtrate with 70% methanol the range of quantification becomes 0 - 100ppb. So, use also 100µl of each diluted filtrate directly in the immunoassay and multiply the final aflatoxin ppb result x 2.

## 9.3 Milk Samples

1. Centrifuge the sample at 3,000 g at 4°C for 10 min and remove the upper-fat layer.
2. Dilute the defatted milk sample 5 times with 70% methanol (**1ml of milk + 4ml of 70% methanol**) and vortex.
3. Use 100µl directly in the immunoassay.
4. The final total aflatoxin ppb result needs no additional calculation.

## 9.4 Oil Samples

1. Prepare extraction solvent (70% methanol) by adding 30ml of distilled or deionized water to 70ml of methanol for each sample to be tested.
2. Transfer 100ml of extraction solvent to a container and add 20ml of the sample. The ratio of sample to extraction solvent is 1:5 (v/v).
3. Mix in a blender for a minimum of 10 minutes.
4. Centrifuge a portion of the mixture at 3,000 g for 10 min and collect the upper layer (methanol).
5. Use 100µl directly in the immunoassay.
6. The final total aflatoxin ppb result needs no additional calculation.

## 10. Method Procedure

**10.1 Assay Design:** Determine the number of microwell strips required to test the desired number of samples plus appropriate number of wells needed for standards. Considering that each sample and standard can be tested in single or in duplicate, create a layout.

**NOTE:** Do not use more than 32 wells (four strips) in a single experiment.

**CAUTION:** Use the standards positions as the **Example plate** layout below **NECESSARY** and note positions of samples that can be set to all remaining empty wells of layout.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	St1											
B	St2											
C	St3											
D	St4											
E	St5											
F												
G												
H												

**Example plate layout** (example for a 5 point standard curve)

**10.2** Bring all reagents to room temperature (19 - 24°C) before use. Remove the **standards** (Standard 1-5) and place **the appropriate number** of Dilution Microwells (green) in a microwell holder for each Standard and Sample to be tested. Place an equal number of Antibody Coated Microtiter Wells in another microwell holder. Immediately reseal the unused strips of the microtiter plate in the bag together with the desiccant bag provided. The samples should be stored in a cool place.

**10.3** Add **100µl** of **Total 5 Detection Solution** to each Dilution Well.

**10.4** Using new pipette tip for each, add **100µl** of each Standard (**Standard 1 - 5**) and prepared sample (see Chapter 9) to appropriate Dilution Well containing the Total 5 Detection Solution. Mix by priming pipetting at least 5 times.

**10.5** Using a multichannel pipette, transfer **100µl** of contents from each Dilution Microwell to a corresponding Antibody Coated Microtiter Well. Incubate at room temperature for **2 minutes**.

**10.6** Wash the plate as follows: Aspirate the liquid from each well into the sink and tap the holder of microwells upside down strongly (four times in a row) on an absorbent paper to insure the complete removal of liquid from the wells. Dispense **300µl** of **Wash Buffer 1X** (see 9.1) into each well with wash bottle or multichannel micropipette using the proper reagent reservoir and shaking the plate manually for a few seconds. Repeat this process for another three times (**total 4 times**). **CAUTION:** It is important to not allow microwells to dry between working steps.

**10.7** Aspirate the liquid as described above and add **100µl** per well of **TMB Substrate** (pour 1ml per 8 wells in a reservoir). Shake the plate manually for a few seconds and incubate in the dark at room temperature for **3 minutes**.

**10.8** Add **100µl** per well of the **Stop Solution** to each well (pour 1ml per 8 wells in a reservoir). Mix gently by shaking again the plate manually.

**10.9 Measure the absorbance at 450nm.** Read the absorbance value of each well (within 60 minutes after the step 10.8) on a spectrophotometer using 450 nm as the primary wavelength and optionally 620nm as the reference wave length (610nm to 650nm is acceptable).

## 11. Data Analysis

### • Automatically

An assigned software, the **Prognosis-Data-Reader**, is available for free (contact:info@prognosis-biotech.com) download in order to evaluate the Bio-Shield Total 5 ELISA kit. The evaluation is carried out by a simple transfer of data values after the measurement.

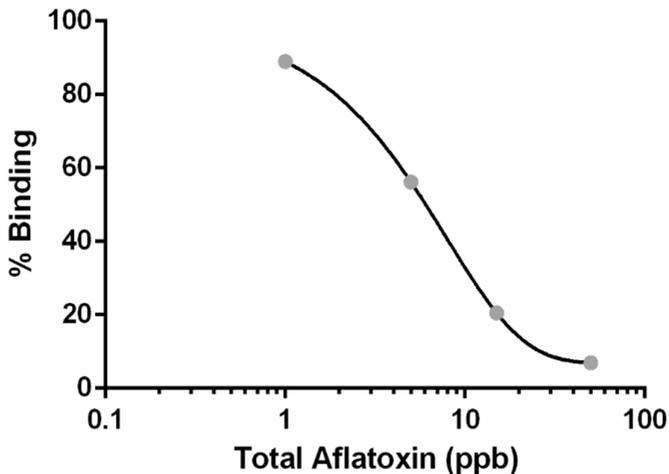
### • Manually

Calculate the average absorbance values for each set of duplicate standards and samples. Ideally duplicates should be within 10% of the mean. Use the following calculation:

$$\frac{\text{Standard or sample absorbance}}{\text{Standard 1 absorbance}} \times 100 = \% \text{ Binding}$$

The standard 1 is equal to 100% and the absorbance values are quoted in percentages. The concentration of Total Aflatoxin (ppb) in each sample is determined by extrapolating OD values against concentrations of Total Aflatoxin in standard solutions using a two phase exponential decay standard curve with logarithmic X axis.

## 12. Example of Standard Curve (0 - 50ppb)



## 13. Immunoassay Specification

### 13.1 General Specification

- IC50 = 4.0 - 11.0 ppb
- Each standards duplicates mean CV ≤ 6%
- Coefficient of Variation (CV) of result at 8ppb = 6.50% (n=6)

### 13.2 LOD - LOQ - Accuracy

- The LOD of the method is 1.5ppb.
- The LOQ of the method is 2.0ppb.
- The recovery of spiked extractions-matrices was 90.0% (CV = 9.6%).

#### • Matrices:

**Cereals:** Barley, Biscuits (LOQ=3ppb), Black Beans Flour Precooked and Refined (LOQ=3ppb), Borlotti Beans Flour Precooked and Refined (LOQ=3ppb), Bran Sticks, Brown rice, Cannellini Beans Flour Raw and Refined (LOQ=3ppb), Corn, Corn flakes, Corn flour, Corn Germ, Corn gluten (LOQ=3ppb), Corn Grits, Corn Meal, Corn/Soy blend, Dried Sunflower (LOQ=3ppb), Green Peas Flour Precooked and Refined (LOQ=3ppb), Oat bran, Oat flakes, Oats, Peas Flour Precooked (LOQ=3ppb), Popcorn, Raw Rye (LOQ=3ppb), Red Lentils Flour Raw and Refined (LOQ=3ppb), Red Lentils Flour Precooked and Refined (LOQ=3ppb), Rice, Round Beans Flour Precooked and Refined (LOQ=3ppb), Rye Flour (LOQ=3ppb), Sesame (LOQ=3ppb), Sorghum, Soy beans (LOQ=3ppb), Soy flour (LOQ=3ppb), Wheat, Wheat bran, Wheat flour, Yellow Chickpeas Flour Precooked and Refined (LOQ=3ppb), Yellow Chickpeas Flour Raw and Refined (LOQ=3ppb), Yellow Lentils Flour Precooked and Refined (LOQ=3ppb), Yellow Lentils Flour Raw and Refined (LOQ=3ppb)

**Dried fruit:** Dried Figs, Raisins

**Dried Nuts:** Almond, Peanut butter, Raw peanuts, Salted Peanuts

**Other:** Milk, Oil (Sesame oil, Soybean oil, Sunflower oil, Corn oil, Olive oil, Coconut oil, Peanut oil, Olive pomace oil), Organic Hemp Flour

### 13.3 Specificity

The cross-reaction of the anti-Aflatoxin antibody with Aflatoxin B1, B2, G1 and G2 is 100, 80, 80 and 55% respectively.

## 14. Performance Evaluation

### 14.1 Reference Materials

Several reference materials are being used for the evaluation of each product of ProGnosis Biotech S.A. in the context of Quality Control performed by Quality Control Department. Please request a validation report, including the results, at [info@prognosis-biotech.com](mailto:info@prognosis-biotech.com).

### 14.2 Proficiency Tests

All products participate frequently in Proficiency Tests. For more information, visit the individual product page in our website: [www.prognosis-biotech.com](http://www.prognosis-biotech.com)

## 15. Method Summary

Total procedure time (after samples and reagents preparation): 5min.

**Mix 100µl of the Detection Solution with 100µl of the samples and standards in the Dilution Microwells**



**Transfer 100µl from each well of the Dilution Microwells into the Antibody Coated Microwells**



**Incubate 2min at room temperature**



**Wash four times**



**Add 100µl of TMB Substrate**



**Let the color develop for 3min in the dark at room temperature**



**Add 100µl Stop Solution**



**Read Absorbance at 450nm within 60min**

All immune assays supplied by ProGnosis Biotech S.A., are warranted to meet or exceed our published specification when used under normal conditions in your laboratory. If the product fails during the stated period, a replacement product will be issued.

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